1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA					
2	1st Session of the 58th Legislature (2021)					
3	SENATE BILL 951 By: Daniels					
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6	AS INTRODUCED					
7	An Act relating to court fines and costs; amending 22					
8	O.S. 2011, Section 983, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 128, O.S.L. 2018 (22 O.S. Supp. 2020, Section 983), which relates to failure to pay fines, costs,					
9	fees or assessments; modifying requirements for payment of fines, costs, fees or assessments;					
10	requiring certain hearing; authorizing court to order installment payments; authorizing request for payment					
11	plan, modification or reduction in payments;					
12	requiring certain instruction to defendant; requiring consideration of certain factors; requiring notice					
13	and hearing before certain sentence conversion; establishing procedures for certain hearing;					
14	authorizing court to take certain actions for defendant unable to pay amount owed; prohibiting					
15	imposition of costs and fees under certain circumstances; authorizing incarceration for willful					
16	nonpayment; establishing requirements for certain incarceration; authorizing court clerk to take					
17	certain collection actions; establishing certain allocation formula; and providing an effective date.					
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:					
21	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 983, as					
22	amended by Section 2, Chapter 128, O.S.L. 2018 (22 O.S. Supp. 2020,					
23	Section 983), is amended to read as follows:					
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Req. No. 611

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1	Section 983. A. The court shall conduct a hearing at the time
2	of sentencing or other final order to determine the immediate
3	ability of the defendant to pay restitution, fines, costs, fees and
4	assessments. The court may order these to be paid in installments
5	and shall set the amount and date for each installment. The court
6	shall instruct the defendant that, if at any time the defendant is
7	unable to pay any financial obligations ordered by the court, the
8	defendant has the right to appear before the court to present
9	evidence regarding ability to pay the amount due and to request the
10	imposition of a payment plan, a modification of a payment plan or a
11	reduction in the amount owed or waiver of payment.
12	B. The court shall instruct the defendant that it is the
13	defendant's obligation to keep the court clerk informed of the
14	defendant's contact information until all financial obligations have
15	been paid.
16	<u>C.</u> Any defendant found guilty of an offense in any court of
17	this state may be imprisoned for nonpayment of the fine, cost, fee,
18	restitution or assessment when the trial court finds after notice
19	and hearing that the defendant is financially able but refuses or
20	neglects to pay the fine, cost, fee, <u>restitution</u> or assessment. A
21	sentence to pay a fine, cost, fee, <u>restitution</u> or assessment may be
22	converted into a jail sentence only after a hearing and a judicial
23	determination, memorialized of record, that the defendant is able to
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1 satisfy the fine, cost, fee, <u>restitution</u> or assessment by payment, 2 but refuses or neglects so to do.

3	B. After a judicial determination that the defendant is able to
4	pay the fine, cost, fee, or assessment in installments, the court
5	may order the fine, cost, fee, or assessment to be paid in
6	installments and shall set the amount and date for each installment.
7	C. In addition, the district court or municipal court, within
8	one hundred twenty (120) days from the date upon which the person
9	was originally ordered to make payment, may send notice of
10	nonpayment of any court ordered fine and costs for a moving traffic
11	violation to the Department of Public Safety with a recommendation
12	of suspension of driving privileges of the defendant until the total
13	amount of any fine and costs has been paid. Upon receipt of payment
14	of the total amount of the fine and costs for the moving traffic
15	violation, the court shall send notice thereof to the Department, if
16	a nonpayment notice was sent as provided for in this subsection.
17	Notices sent to the Department shall be on forms or by a method
18	approved by the Department.
19	D. In determining willful refusal or neglect to pay or
20	inability to pay fines, costs, fees, restitution or assessments, the
21	court shall consider:
22	1. Undue hardship to the defendant or to the legal dependents
23	of the defendant;
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1	2. The defendant has not made a good faith effort to comply					
2	with the order;					
3	3. The present employment of the defendant;					
4	4. The earning capacity of the defendant;					
5	5. The availability and convertibility of any existing assets					
6	owned by the defendant;					
7	6. Whether and to what extent the defendant has outstanding					
8	debts and liabilities;					
9	7. The health of the defendant including mental and behavioral					
10	health issues that diminish the ability of the defendant to pay;					
11	8. Access to transportation;					
12	9. Public assistance including, but not limited to, state-					
13	administered general assistance, temporary family assistance, aid to					
14	the elderly, blind or disabled, SNAP benefits and supplemental					
15	social security; and					
16	10. Any other relevant issues as determined by the court.					
17	E. The court shall send a notice to the defendant by United					
18	States mail to his or her last known mailing address, and by					
19	electronic mail or text message to the defendant's electronic mail					
20	address or cellular phone number, stating that:					
21	1. The court will conduct a hearing at a specified time, place					
22	and date to determine if the defendant has willfully refused or					
23	neglected to pay restitution or fines, or is unable to pay the					
24 27	amount owed;					

1	2. The defendant may present evidence at the hearing to show						
2	his or her inability to pay the restitution or fines; and						
3	3. If the defendant fails to appear at the hearing for failure						
4	to pay restitution or fines, a warrant for failure to appear may be						
5	issued for the arrest of the defendant. The court shall conduct the						
6	hearing within three (3) business days after the arrest of the						
7	defendant.						
8	F. After a judicial determination that the defendant is able to						
9	pay the restitution or fines in installments, the court may order						
10	the restitution or fines to be paid in installments and shall set						
11	the amount and date for each installment.						
12	G. If the court finds that the failure to pay restitution or						
13	fines was not willful and that defendant is unable to pay the amount						
14	owed, the court may:						
15	1. Adjust the terms of payment of restitution or fines;						
16	2. Lower the amount of the restitution or fines;						
17	3. Waive the restitution or fines upon a finding by the court						
18	that the defendant is unable to pay and that such status is unlikely						
19	to change in the foreseeable future, or that the fines are						
20	preventing the defendant from obtaining basic necessities;						
21	4. Order the defendant to perform community service in lieu of						
22	a payment of the restitution or fine; or						
23	5. Enter a civil judgment for all or a portion of the unpaid						
24	restitution or fines to be paid either in whole or in installments.						

1	H. If the court finds that nonpayment of restitution or fines				
2	was willful, a defendant may be incarcerated in the county jail for				
3	a term not to exceed thirty (30) days. The defendant shall be				
4	credited with an amount as specified by the court, not less than				
5	Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) per day for time served for nonpayment of				
6	fines. The court may release the defendant upon satisfactory				
7	arrangements to bring the defendant into compliance. If the				
8	defendant remains in noncompliance after ninety (90) days from				
9	release, the defendant may again be served with notice as provided				
10	in subsection C of this section and the court may again determine if				
11	the noncompliance is willful and order the defendant incarcerated as				
12	provided in this subsection.				
13	I. The following allocation formula shall be used for monies				
14	paid into the court: payments shall first be credited toward				
15	satisfying restitution, then fines. Once restitution and fines have				
16	been paid, payments shall be credited towards the court-imposed				
17	costs, fees and assessments.				
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	J. The Court of Criminal Appeals shall implement procedures and				
19	<u>J.</u> The Court of Criminal Appeals shall implement procedures and rules <u>consistent with the provisions of this section</u> for methods of				
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	rules <u>consistent with the provisions of this section</u> for methods of				
20	rules <u>consistent with the provisions of this section</u> for methods of establishing payment plans of fines, costs, fees $_{\tau}$ and assessments by				
20 21	rules <u>consistent with the provisions of this section</u> for methods of establishing payment plans of fines, costs, fees _{au} and assessments by indigents, which procedures and rules shall be distributed to all				

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1	SECTION 2.	This act :	shall become	effective Novembe:	r 1, 2021.
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